On Apr. 1, 1966, the Department of Transport operated 72 low frequency radio ranges and 46 VHF omni-directional ranges. Instrument Landing Systems in operation totalled 43 and there were 218 non-directional beacons in operation. All of the operating facilities are regularly flight-checked and calibrated by civil aviation inspectors. (See also item on Aeronautical Navigation, pp. 878-879.)

 Aircraft Landing Areas classified by Type of Facility and Operator, by Province, as at Apr. 1, 1966

						_	_						
Type of Facility and Operator	NA4.	P.E.I.	N. S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man,	Sæk.	Alta.	B.C.	N.W.T.	Y.T.	Total
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Licensed Airports (Land)— Department of Transport Municipal. Private Heliports.	3 2	$\frac{1}{1}$	3 1 1 1	2 5 3	8 24 25 4	18 19 38 7	4 7 5 1	4 16 9	5 22 16	22 19 2 6	13 1 1	3 - 1	86 119 103 21
Unlicensed Aerodromes— Department of Transport Municipal Private Abandoned or unknown Heliports	3 3 5	_ 1 1	- 2 2 -	11 11	2 7 22 12 1	4 7 22 8 2	1 3 35 1	1 28 110 3	48 40 —	9 16 74 24 4	5 2 13 —	4 1 -	28 121 334 54 7
Licensed Seaplane Bases— Department of Transport Municipal Private	I —	- - -	_ 1 3	111		13 102	 I 44		_ 1 3	3 11 52	1 28	 2 4	4 30 329
Unlicensed Seaplane Bases— Department of Transport Municipal Private	9	_ _ _ 1	- 1		1 21 19	15 12 13	-3 7 12	2 6 9	2 4 8	16 8 21 15	- - 7 18	 2 4	17 32 89 128
Military Airfields— RCAF	=	1 -	1 3	2 1 -	. L	10 1 -	1 -	4 1 1	3211	3 -	4 - 1 17		27 5 3 2 22
Totals, Land Bases Totals, Scapiane Bases Totals, Military Airfields	20 29 6	4 1 1	10 13 4	22 8 3	105 104 3	125 155 11	57 67 5	171 42 4	131 18 5	176 126 3	35 54 22	17 12 2	873 629 68
Grand Totals	55	6	27	33	212	291	129	217	154	305	111	31	1,571

Air Traffic Control.—The primary functions of the Air Traffic Control Division of the Department of Transport are to expedite and maintain an orderly flow of air traffic and to prevent collision between aircraft operating within controlled airspace and between aircraft and obstructions on the movement area of controlled airports. This is accomplished through airport control, terminal control and area control services. These and other allied services are described below.

Airport Control Service provides control service to flights operating in the vicinity of major civil airports where the volume and type of aircraft operations, weather conditions and other factors indicate its need in the interest of flight safety. The service also includes the control of all traffic on the manoeuvring area of the airport. Control is effected by means of direct radiotelephone communication or visual signals. Airport control towers are located at: Whitehorse, Y.T.; Fort St. John, Prince George, Victoria (international), Port Hardy, Abbotsford and Vancouver, B.C.; Lethbridge, Calgary, Edmonton (industrial) and Edmonton (international), Alta.; Saskatoon and Regina, Sask.: Winnipeg (international), Man.; Lakehead, Windsor, London, Toronto Island, Toronto (international), Ottawa (international) and North Bay, Ont.; Montreal (international), Cartierville, Quebec, Baie Comeau and Sept Îles, Que.; Moncton, Fredericton and Saint John, N.B.; Halifax (international) and Sydney, N.S.; and Gander (international) and St. John's, Nfid.